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Plants for May and June Delivery

For the convenience of people who wish to plant in May and June, we have prepared the followng plants for delivery during these months. The majority of them are pot-grown, and the others ave been prepared for transplanting. Stock offered in this list will be delivered immediately on eceipt of order. Bulbs and Plants offered in our Bulb Catalogue will not be delivered until Fall.

ÆGOPODIUM (Bishop's Weed)

odagaria variegata. A rapid-growing plant, with neat green-and-yellow-variegated foliage, thriving in any soil; makes a fine border on a bed of shrubs or for covering waste ground. 1 foot, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$14.00 per 100.

ANCHUSA ITALICA (Dropmore Variety)

A grand improvement on the original type of A. italica, r Italian Alkanet, and a plant which, on account of its emarkable freedom of flowering and its beautiful blue olor, is sure to become one of our most popular hardy erennials. It attains a height of 5 to 6 feet and produces to pretty blue flowers, which are from 1 to 1½ inches in lameter, throughout the entire summer. 25 cts. each; 2.50 per doz.; \$16.00 per 100.

ARMERIA (Sea Pink or Thrift)

Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, orming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense heads, on stiff viry stems, from 9 to 12 inches high. They flower more respectively from early spring until late in the all. Very useful in the rockery.

Haritime Splendens. \$2.25 per doz.; \$14.00 per 100.

TALL SNAPDRAGON

The improved Antirrhinums, or Snapdragons, are splenlid for bedding. They are strikingly beautiful and flower all summer. The lovely colors range from white to deep primson through many uniques shades. Also fine for cut flowers. In separate colors. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100. Dwarf-mixed. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

NEW ASTILBE ARENDSI

This new type is the result of crossing A. Davidii with A. japonica compacta, astilboides, and A. Thunbergii. The plants are of very vigorous growth, 2½ to 4 feet high, producing many branched, feathered heads of flowers. They prefer a half-shady, moist position in any ordinary garden soil.

......50c each 5.00

BUDDLEIA (Summer Lilac)

Davidil Veitchiana. One of the most desirable summerflowering shrubs; beginning to bloom in July, it continues until cut by severe frost. The flowers are of a
pleasing shade of violet-mauve and are borne in dense,
cylindrical spikes which under liberal cultivation, are
from 12 to 15 inches in length by 3 inches in diameter.
It succeeds everywhere, flowers freely the first season
planted, and is always admired. It should be planted in
well-drained soil. The tops are sometimes killed to the
ground in winter, but it grows 4 to 5 feet high in a
season, and always blooms.
Davidii Magnifica. Similar to the above but of a deeper
violet rose color.
Davidii amplissima. A splendid hardy variety. Volumin-

Davidit amplissima. A splendid hardy variety. Voluminous spikes; produces three or five together. Flowers of good size, deep violet, yellow in center. We have only a limited stock.

Any of the above, 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per doz.

CENTAUREA (Perrennial Cornflower)

Montana. Grows 2 feet high, bearing large, violet-blue flowers from July to September. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Montana Alba. A white variety of the above. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dox.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Pompon. These are the small-flowered Chrysanthemums ompon. These are the small-flowered Chrysanthemums of the old-fashioned gardens, and bloom in October and November, after almost all flowers are gone. They are showy in the garden and effective as cut-flowers, and, being perfectly hardy and of easiest culture, can be successfully grown in any garden. We offer a fine collection of the best varieties, ranging from white to deep crimson. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES

The blooms are 3 inches or more in diameter, shaped like an aster. Slight protection during the winter.

	F er 12	100
White. Blooms sometimes slightly tinged		
with cream	\$2.25	\$14.00
Blush. Tinged with rose and pink tones	2.25	14.00
Pink. Shaded from blush-pink to deeper		
tones	2.25	14.00
Yellow. Varying from lemon to orange-		
yellow	2.25	14.00

COREOPSIS GRANDIFLORA

An improved variety, with large, bright yellow flowers; fine for cut-flowers; one of the best hardy plants in cultivation. 20 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

DELPHINIUM

Chinense. Fine, feathery foliage and intense gentianblue flowers in open panicles. \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Chinense Album. A pure white form of the above, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

CAMPANULA RHOMBOIDES FL. PL. (Diamond Bell Flower)

Trailing plant of proven merit. Double light blue flowers in profusion. Excellent for the rock garden or edging the perennial border. \$2.50 per doz.; \$15.00 per

HARDY FERNS

Varieties marked * require shade; those marked § suc-

ceed in open border.

*Adiautum pedatum (Maidenhair Fern).

*Aspidium acrostichoides (Wood Fern).

§Aspidium marginale.
*Asplenium Filix-foemina (Lady Fern). SDicksonia punctilobula (Gossamer Fern).

§Onoclea.

SOnoclea Struthlopteris (Ostrich Fern)

SOsmunda Claytoniana (Flowering Fern). SOsmunda regalls (Royal Fern).

25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100

FUNKIA (Day Lily)

Desirable foliage plants which will thrive in sun or shade.

shade.

Variegata. Variegated foliage; blue flowers. Beautiful edging plant. 1 foot high, blooming in May. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Sicholdii. One of the finest of the hardy plants on account of splendid foliage. Grows 2 feet high and blooms late in summer. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Aurea maculata. Young foliage in early spring is of a bright yellow color. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Marginata alba variegata. Very distinct variegated variety. 15 cts. each; \$150 per doz. \$10.00 per 100.

iety. 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

FOXGLOVES

Striking and impressive biennial plants with large downy leaves and tall spikes of thimble-shaped blooms. They may be grown in small clumps, or naturalized in the schrub borders and along the edges of woodlands. They grow readily in shaded places.

Purpurea. Old-fashioned purple Foxglove. \$2.00 per doz.;

\$12.00 per 100.

FESTUCA GLAUCA (Blue tescue Grass)

A dwarf grass with very distinct blue foliage. Does not grow over 8 to 10 inches high and is very effective. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

GEUM (Avens)

Pretty border plants, growing about 18 inches high, and producing brilliant, showy, bright-colored flowers during the greater part of the summer and fall.

Atrosauguineum. Large, dark crimson flowers.

Coccineum. Showy scarlet flowers.

20 ets. each, \$2.00 per doz.

GENISTA ELATIOR (Hardy Broom)

At last we have a Genista, or Broom, that is perfectly hardy in this climate. All know the yellow-flowered Genistas that the florists sell for Easter at prices ranging from two to ten dollars each. This hardy Genista is just as beautiful as these and can be grown in anyone's garden or shrubbery. It is of slow growth, but eventually reaches a height of 3 to 4 feet and as many feet across. In June it is covered with beautiful yellow, pea-shaped flowers which continue a long time on the plant. We consider this one of the most valuable small shrubs introduced during many years. Pot-grown plants, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz. cach; \$2.50 per doz.

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA (Blanket Flower)

One of the showiest and most effective hardy plants, One of the showlest and most effective hardy plants, growing about 2 feet high and succeeding in any soil in a sunny position; beginning to flower in June, they continue the entire season. The large flowers are of gorgeous coloring. The center is dark red-brown, while the petals are marked with rings of brilliant crimson, orange and vermillion, and often a combination of all in one flower; excellent for cutting. 20 cts each; \$2.25 per doz.: \$14.00 per 100.

HEUCHERA SPLENDENS (Alum Root)

We have thoroughly tested this new Heuchera and find it one of the most desirable hardy plants introduced in many years. It has the same habit and foliage as Heuchera sanguinea, but the color is a more brilliant crimson, and five or six times as many flowers are produced. Blooms in May and when in bloom is about 15 inches in height. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

IBERIS (Candytuft)

Saxatilis corifolia. Candytuft. A large snow-white flower. 8 to 10 inches. May. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz. Sempervirens. Hardy Candytuft. The flowers are white, borne with great freedom, while the foliage may remain green all winter. About 1 foot. April to June. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Sempervirens nama. A dwarf form of the preceding. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

LYCHNIS SPLENDENS (Double Red Ragged Robin)

Forms a dense tuft of evergreen foliage, and in June it sends up tall spikes of handsome double, deep red flowers of exquisite fragrance, which remain in perfection six weeks. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

MERTENSIA VIRGINICA (Blue Bells)

An early spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers, fading to clear pink. One of the most interesting of our native spring flowers. May and June. 20 cts. each; \$1.75 per doz.

TRITOMA PFITZERI (Flame Flower, or Torch Lily)

This new Tritoma is undoubtedly one of the most valuable introductions of recent years. Tritoma Uvaria, or "Red-Hot Poker" plant, is highly prized on account of its picturesque appearance and its blooming so late in the fall after almost everything else is gone. This new variety is a great improvement in every respect. The flowers are much more refined and beautiful and are proflowers are much more refined and beautiful and are produced in the greatest profusion from early summer until late fall, coming into bloom at least two months before the older variety. It is equally desirable for garden effects or for cut-flowers. The flower-spikes are of gigantic size, frequently 4½ feet high, with heads of bloom over 12 inches long, of a rich orange-scarlet; shading to salmon-rose on the edge; a first-class acquisition. This plant is not quite hardy and should be protected in winter with a covering of leaves, or can be taken up, packed in sand and stored in a cold cellar over winter. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOXES

The beauty and usefulness of these grand border plants give to them a deservedly first place among hardy plants. For cutting, their large trusses go a long way in floral accoration. In color they range from pure white to the richest crimson and purple and from soft rose and salmon to bright coral-red, all having a delicate fragrance. Perennial Phloxes succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure, but are much benefited by a mulching of decomposed manure in spring, and in hot weather an occasional soaking of water. If the first spikes of bloom are removed as soon as over and the plant given a good soaking of water, they will produce a second supply of flowers, thus continuing the display until late in autumn. These later blooms are often finer than the first.

Pot-grown plants, ready for immediate delivery, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$15 per 100, except where noted.

Athis. Salmon; a splendid tall variety.

Eclaireur. Purple-carmine blooms with a white center.

Eclaireur. Purple-carmine blooms with a white center. F. B. Waldeck. Splendid pure white.

Mrs. Jenkins. One of the earliest pure white varieties.

Miss Lingard. Early flowering; pure white blooms with a faint lilac eye. Splendid for mass planting, as it will bloom in June and again in September if the old flowers are cut. Not infested with red spider.

are cut. Not infe

Obergartner Wittig. Light rose, center lighter with carmine eve.

Prof. Schliemann. Lilac-rose with carmine eye.

Rhinelander. Salmon-pink; both flower and truss are immense in size, and the color is intensified by a brilliant carmine eye.

Rynstrom. Rose-pink; flowers and trusses extremely large; possibly the finest phlox of this color.

Riverton Jewel. Rose, with brilliant carmine or red eye.

Widar. Reddish purple with large white center.

PENTSTEMON (Florists' Varieties)

Few plants are so beautiful as Pentstemons, or produce Few plants are so beautiful as Pentstemons, or produce so brilliant an effect in beds and borders during summer and autumn. In growth they are graceful, while the elegant beauty of their pyramidal spikes of large, gloxinalike flowers from June to October elicits the admiration of all. Colors range from blush-white, pink, salmon, rose and scarlet to violet and shades of purple. They thrive in any ordinary garden soil, in an open and sunny situation. Cuttings should be taken in autumn and planted out in spring, as the parent plants will survive the winter outdoors only in sheltered gardens. 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz. per doz.

BALCONY PETUNIAS

As many of our customers have failed in growing these splendid Petunias from seed, we have grown a lot and of four colors—violet-blue, dark crimson, pink and white. The violet-blue variety is most distinct and effective and always attracts great attention and admiration. 20 cts. each; \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

CREEPING PHLOXES (Moss Pinks)

	104.	100
Phiox subulate, Daisy Hill. Lovely pink	\$1.50	\$10.00
Subulata atropurpurea. Deep rosy purple		10.00
Subulata Bridesmaid. Purplish, tinted white	1.50	10.00
Subulata Model. Rose pink. Fine for cover-		
ing banks; thrives in hot, dry situations,		
and blooms profusely	1.75	12.00
Subulata rosea. Pink	1.50	10.00

100

PENNISETUM JAPONICUM

This new Hardy Grass is very desirable. It grows 4 feet high, with slender, graceful foliage and showy plumes thrown well above the leaves. Most valuable for adding variety to the garden planting. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

POLEMONIUM CERULEUM (Jacob's Ladder)

Useful border plants about 12 inches high, with deep green, finely cut foliage and spikes of showy blue flowers in May and June; of graceful growth. 20 cts. each; \$1.75 per doz.

POLYGONUM AUBERTI (Chinese Fleece Vine)

A great improvement on the Polygonum Baldschuanicum. The flower trusses are large, the flowers pure white, it grows still more rapidly, and does not suffer from the illness which makes the leaves wither and drop from old variety. A plant in full flower gives the impression of being altogether covered with hoar-frost. We have tested this vine and pronounce it the best flowering climber produced in twenty-five years. It surpasses Clematis paniculata, and the flowers last twice as long. 75 cts. each.

ORIENTAL POPPIES

I remember very well the first time I saw an Oriental Poppy. I was a boy then, and it excited me wonderfully, and I thought it the most remarkable flower in the world; and I thought it the most remarkable flower in the world; and now, after fifty years have gone by and I have seen almost all the known flowers of the world, I am still of the opinion that it is mighty fine, striking and effective, and I have taken the trouble to gather and have grown a collection of several varieties. The foliage of Oriental Poppies dies away in the summer, and many think they are dead, but they will start into growth again in the fall. They are rather hard to establish but once estables.

fall. They are rather hard to establish, but on	ce estab-
lished, prove the most persistent perennial.	
Per	12 100
Braeteata. Red flowers of enormous size \$2.5	0 \$15.00
Cerise Beauty. Extra large blooms; cerise	
pink, with crimson center and dark blotch	
at base of petals	0 15.00
Mrs. Perry. Orange-apricot - distinct and	
unusual color	0 15.00
Oneen Alexandria. Rose-salmon, extremely	
clear and brilliant 2.5	0 15.00
Siberliek. Salmon, with violet-blue blotch-	
es: white anthers and stamens 2.5	0 15.00
Oriental Hybrids. An assortment of the	
best varieties and colors 2.5	50 15.00

STOKESIA CYANEA (Cornflower Aster, or Stokes' Aster)

A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant, which, for many seasons, has been the most admired flower on our grounds. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely, from early in July until late in October, its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position desirable as a single plant, in the hardy border and effective in masses or beds of any size.

Alba. Pure white variety of the above.

Caerulea. Beautiful light blue.

20 eents each; \$1.75 per doz; \$12.00 per 100.

SALVIA (Scarlet Sage)

Improved Dwarf. Spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Splendens. The old-fashioned, tall-growing variety. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

GYPSOPHILA

(Babys Breath)

One of the daintiest flowers imaginable. The individual blooms are extremely small, but are borne in such large clusters that they look like one immense pure white bloom. Grows readily in dry places and is desirable for rockwork as well as a filler among shrubbery. \$2.50 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINIANA ALBA

An American plant, and by no means a new one; yet it is a flower so unique in its make-up that it stands apart from all others and alone: For massing, planting in association with other appropriate varieties in the border, for planting with shrubbery or for cut-bloom, it is unrivaled. In value it is not equaled by the popular Golden Glow; and it possesses a constitution just as rugged. Its large, graceful spikes of white flowers are produced in greatest profusion from about the middle of June, and if kept cut (so as not to produce seed) it continues to flower in a perfect mass of bloom until frost. The flowers themselves are intensely interesting and attractive, resembling large heather. The stems are long, square, thick, rigid and strong, holding the flowers in a dignified and stately manner when upon the plant and when cut. The plants form large, dense clumps, 3 or 4 feet high, and require no petting, succeeding on all kinds of soil and in all situations.

20c each; \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100. An American plant, and by no means a new one; yet it

20c each; \$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINIANA

False Dragonhead. An American plant forming large clumps, which in July and August are covered with light pink flowers.

\$2.00 per 12; \$12.00 per 100.

PENTSTEMON BARBATUS TORREYI (Beard Tongue)

An excellent variety of this American plant that is used chiefly for garden borders. The flowers, which are scarlet or crimson and orange, are produced freely in July and August.

\$2.00 per 12; \$13.00 per 100

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS

HARDY CLIMBING PLANT	2	
	each	doz.
Ampelopsis quinquefolla. Virginia Creeper.		
Clings firmly to walls or any support and		
makes a dense covering because of its		
large, handsome, green foliage. In the fall		
the leaves change to brilliant scarlet. One	0 05	
of the most decorative native climbers	\$.25	\$2.50
Vetchii. Boston Ivy. Grows very rapidly after it is once established, and clings closely		
to any surface. The large, dark green		
leaves turn to rich crimson in the fall.		
Standard plants	.30	3.00
Extra strong plants	.50	5.00
Clematis Panieulata. Probably the most		
beautiful of all the hardy vines. Makes a strong, luxuriant growth, has delicate foli-		
strong, luxuriant growth, has delicate foli-		
age, and blooms profusely. In August or		
September the white flowers literally conceal the vine; when the petals have fallen		
they are followed by seed clusters and a		
they are followed by seed clusters and a profusion of feathery "styles" like drifted		
snow. Usually the vine is given a support.		
snow. Usually the vine is given a support, but this is not required, for it is just as		
handsome when planted in rockwork or so		
arranged that its growth is made over		
sloping banks. Pot plants	.35	3.50
Euonymus radicans. A special evergreen		
vine of slow growth and elegant rich green	.25	2.50
foliage	.40	4.00
variety of the above. Rich green foliage		
distinctly marked with white. Fine for low		
stone walls	.25	2.50
Hedera helix. English IvyThe well-known		
variety with small leaves which has proved		
perfectly hardy. Largely used for covering		
walls, loose rocks, fences or trellises	.30	3.00
Lonleera Brachypoda. Hall's Japanese Hon- eysuckle. A strong-growing variety, which		
is in almost continuous bloom. The fragrant		
flowers open white and gradually change to		
buff. \$20 per 100	.30	3.00
buff. \$20 per 100		
ticulata). Golden Honeysuckle, Great		
quantities of white flowers are borne in		
pairs. The foliage remains green until late		
in the autumn, and in protected locations	20	9 00
may be evergreen all winter. \$20 per 100 Japoniea. Bears a multitude of fragrant yel-	.30	3.00
low flowers, but is particularly desirable		
because of its dark purplish green foliage,		
which is practically evergreen. \$20 per 100	.30	3.00
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CLIMBING HYDRANGEA

We have at last succeeded in getting a stock of the rare Schizophragma hydrangeoides, known as the Climbing Hydrangea. It is one of the rarest and most beautiful Vines, having large flower-heads similar to those of Hydrangea hortensia, and will make a most splendid adornment to the porch. Fine, strong, pot-grown plants. \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.

ROSA SPINOSISSIMA

We have again succeeded in getting a stock of this rare and exquisitely beautiful single hardy Rose. In our opinion it is one of the most beautiful things on earth, and is surpassed only by the Cherokee Rose of the South, which is not hardy in our climate. This Rose grows to 4 or 5 feet; compact and bushy in habit, and in June is covered with large, single, yellowish white flowers of indescribable beauty. Planted in groups in the shrubbery, it produces an effect to which no description can defect to which no description can describe the second secon it produces an effect to which no description can do justice. Makes a handsome single specimen for the lawn. 75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.

> STENANTHIUM ROBUSTUM (Mountain Feather Fleece)

(Mountain Feather Fleece)

This remarkably hardy perennial is without doubt one of our best new introductions, and may be classed with the showiest of all herbaceous plants. As the buds begin to unfold, they are quite upright, and of a light green tinge, gradually becomes whiter until at last they burst forth into a veritable snowbank of drooping, fleecy bloom of the purest white, the panicles often 2 to 3 feet long. After several weeks the flowers, as they ripen, turn to shades of pink and purple. It is a vigorous perennial, attaining a height of 5 to 8 feet, and is absolutely hardy throughout the United States and Canada.

The Mountain Feather Fleece is of easy cultivation, but takes some time to become well established and if given plenty of food, makes a wonderful show equalled by few plants of any description. prefers a moist and par-

given plants of any description. Prefers a moist and partially shaded position. It would be impossible to give an idea of the wonderful effect of a large mass of Stenanthiums when in full bloom, as no description conveys the beauty of the delicate feathered, drooping flowers. Strong plants, 40 cts. each; \$4.00 per doz.

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POT-GROWN ROSES (Teas and Hybrid Teas)

- Columbia. One of the largest Roses among the recent introductions, flowers occasionally measuring 6 inches across. The color is a splendid pink, which becomes more intense as the blooms grow older. The flowers are borne on long stems that are usually thornless 10 inches below the flower.
- Dean Hole. Large, pointed, silver-carmine blooms, shaded with crimson, delicately fragrant. The bush produces great quantities of blooms.
- Gruss an Teplitz. The crimson-scarlet blooms are produced in great profusion from early June until the time of killing frosts. And excellent variety for mass planting and for Rose hedges.
- Hadley. Deep velvety crimson, which retains its color. Both buds and flowers are beautifully formed.
- Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Practically a double-colored bloom, because of the bright cherry-red on the outside of the petals and the shiny, silvery white on the inside. Unusually large and well-formed.
- Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. An old sort which possesses so many perfections that it is still one of the most popular varieties. The creamy white blooms are quite large and full, and are produced in great numbers until late autumn.
- Killarney. The long, pointed buds are an exquisite pink, and are borne in great numbers. This is a favorite for cut-flowers and is still one of the most popular varieties, although it has been known for more than twenty years. Delicious perfume.
- Los Angeles. One of the prettiest of the recent introductions. Its color is a splendid flame-pink, toned with coral, and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. Exceptionally fragrant. The plant makes a vigorous growth and the beauty of the blooms is maintained from the bud until the last petals fall.
- Mmc. Caroline Testout. Broad petals of bright satiny rose, slightly darker at the center and carmine-pink at the edges. Bushes are quite vigorous and produce great numbers of blooms.
- Mme. Edouard Herriot. Buds coral-red, opening to medium-sized blooms of coral-red, shaded with yellow and bright rose-scarlet, which still later change to shrimpred. Winner of the Gold Cup offered by the London "Daily Mail" for the best new Rose at the International Exhibition in London.
- Mrs. Aaron Ward. Long, shapely buds of Indian-yellow, occasionally flushed with salmon-rose. Flowers freely all through the season.
- Mrs. Charles Russel. Large, globular, shapely blooms of rosy carmine, with scarlet center. The bush makes a strong growth and produces a multitude of specimen blooms.
- Ophelia. Light salmon-pink blooms which shade to yellow at the bases of the petals. Considered the best Rose of its color, as the blooms are large in size and very attractively formed. Blooms freely throughout the season and far into the autumn.
- Radiance. The strong plants produce hosts of handsome flowers which range in color from light silvery flesh to salmon-pink, suffused with pink and yellowish coppery red.
- Sunburst. Large golden yellow flowers, with orangeyellow centers, borne on strong, upright stems; excellent for cutting.
- Willowmere. The buds are a combination of carminecoral and red, but open to a rich shrimp-pink, shaded with yellow in the center and toning to carmine-pink at the edges of the petals.
- Prices, except where noted, for strong 2-year field-grown plants, potted up last fall, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per doz.

ARTEMISIA LACTIFLORA

One of the best introductions of recent years. It is a plant of noble appearance, 6 to 8 feet high, having beautifully formed, dark green leaves, and bearing feathery spikes, 3 to 4 feet long, of the purest white; sweetly fragrant and flowering in late autumn. \$2.50 per doz.

BAMBUSA JAPONICA (Metake of Gardens)

One of the best known of all the hardy Bamboos. The stems are often 15 feet high, with internodes 6 to 8 inches long, and with tapering leaves a foot long, smooth and shining above, glaucous beneath. It forms fine clumps when sheltered from the East wind, and will grow in drier situations than most Bamboos. Large plants, \$1.00 each; doz. \$10.00.

GYPSOPHILA (Scorzoneraefolia)

Beautiful rose-colored Baby's Breath. It grows from from 3 to 4 feet high, and bears the whole summer through a mass of deep rose-colored flowers, while the leaves are glaucous. A distinct novelty and extremely rare. \$2.00 per doz.

MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea)

Showy plants growing from 2 to 3 feet high, succeeding in any soil or position, with aromatic foliage, and producing their bright flowers during July and August.

Didyma Cambridge Scarlet. (Oswego Tea). Brilliant crimson scarlet. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

BLACKBERRY LILY (Pardanthus Sinensis)

Lily-like flowers of a bright orange color spotted with red, which are succeeded by seeds that resemble black-berries. Very showy and desirable. 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

PLUMBAGO LARPENTÆ

A dwarf plant covering the ground completely with its foliage. In September it is a mass of beautiful deep blue flowers, which gradually change to violet. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

THE MOSSY STONECROPS

Grow about 1 to 4 inches high, bear dimunitive flowers between May and July, and make an exquisite carpet of evergreen foliage which is particularly attractive in winter when some of them assume tones of bronze. Uses for which they are recommended: (1) To convert stretches of sand and rock into carpet of verdant green; (2) to carpet rose and bulb-beds; (3) to soften the lines and to take away the new "look" in rock and formal gardens. Examples: S. acre; S. reflectum; S. sexangulare; S. Stahlii.

- Acre. Golden Moss. Grows 2 to 3 inches high; yellow flowers in July; leaves are only 1/4 inch long.
- Reflectum. Stone Orpine. Small, bright yellow flowers making up a flat cluster 1 to 1½ inches across. July.
- Sexangulare. Six-rowed Stonecrop. Flowers golden yellow. The reddish cast of the new growth is charming. July.
- Spectabile. A fine fall-flowering plant with great heads of purple flowers.

Above varieties, \$2.25 per doz.; \$14.00 per 100.

THALICTRUM AOUILEGIFOLIUM

All Thalictrums have handsome foliage, and this variety has quite showy flowers. H 3 to 4, F 6 to 7.

- Adiantifolium. Beautiful foliage like maidenhair fern. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.
- Thalictrum Aquilegifolium. This is undoubtedly one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation. Its fine habit, beautiful foliage and masses of lovely flowers, varying from white to purple through all intermediate shades, makes it one of the most handsome things that can be planted. A graceful plant of much charm and distinction. 2 to 3 feet high; blooms in May and June. \$2.25 per doz.; \$14.00 per 100.

Special Prices for Gladioli

In the whole range of summer-blooming bulbs there is nothing so desirable or useful as Gladioli, and nothing so easy to grow. Failure is practically impossible. For several years the demand for Gladioli has more than doubled every year, and there is no reason why it should not continue to do so, as they are the most attractive and useful of summer-flowering bulbs, and as cut-flowers all through the summer and fall they hold a place that cannot be taken by any other. Wonderful improvements are being made in size, color, and beauty. They are very effective in lines or beds or when planted in small groups among shrubbery, peonies, roses, or in the hardy plant border. The bulbs in our assortment are strictly first-class, and range from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in diameter, and all are flowering size. Our list includes only the best, both in name varieties and in mixture.

Elliott's XXX Mixture

For those who want a fine, large show of gladioli regardless of names or color arrangement we have made up a superb mixture which is admirably adapted to this purpose. It is a blending of fine varieties and contains every shade of color that can be found in Gladioli. We have sold hundreds of thousands of this mixture to an ever increasing number of satisfied customers. Per 12, \$0.70; Per 100, \$5.00; Per 1,000, \$45.00.

Plants

Calimeris Incisa. Grows readily in any good soil, and is an extremely dainty little percnnial. The flowers are white or slightly tinged with purple and have a bronzy yellow center. 1 to 2 feet. July and August	\$2.00	\$13.00	Pachysandra Terminalis. A valuable plant for covering the ground in shady places, but seems to grow well in the sun. The foliage is a bright glossy green, while the plant is rarely more than 6 inches high. Small spikes of flowers are borne during	402.	100
of particular value, as it will give the desired blue color in almost any situation—moist or dry, sunny or shady. The varieties here listed are probably the best of the entire family.			the months of May and June	2.50	15.00
Carpatica. Harebell. A charming little plant, growing from 6 to 12 inches high, producing the bell-like blue flowers all summer. Especially useful in rockwork	2.50	15.00	Familiar in old-fashioned gardens Teucrium Chamædrys. Germander. A desir-	2.00	12.00
Carpatica Alba. White form of preceding variety			able border plant of European origin. The foliage is bright, shiny green, in fact,		
Erianthus Ravennæ. Plume Grass. A hardy ornamental grass which is effective when			it is almost an evergreen. The flowers are rose, shaded to purple, and may have red		
planted alone or in combination with other grasses. Leaves are long, with white rib in center. From the center of the plant, long, distinct plumes arise, which may be			and white spots. 1 to 2 feet. Midsummer	2.50	18.00
dried and kept for winter decorations. 8 to 12 feet. August to October. 35 cts.	9 50		CRATÆGUS PYRACANTHA LA	LAN	DI
each	3.50		This Thorn is one of the handsomest every in cultivation, and there is none that bears scrop of fruit in the fall and winter. This father size of a pea, and bright orange-red it the shrub is completely covered with it. Treliably hardy where the temperature does at the father than five degrees below zero. Pot plants,	uch a s ruit is n color his sho not go	showy about r, and rub is lower

Rhododendron

RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM

and October

Commonly known as the Large-leaved Laurel, grows wild over a large extent of territory in this country, but usually under such conditions that it is impossible to successfully transplant it. We have found a source of supply where, although the plants are growing wild, they are in as good condition as if growing in a nursery, and of course can be supplied at one-fifth the cost of nursery-grown stock. The value of this Rhododendron for planting in quantity in country places cannot be overestimated. It is perfectly hardy, thrives in sun, partial or full shade; extremely showy when in bloom in July, the large heads of flowers being white or blush-white, and on account of its bold evergreen foliage is extremely effective throughout the year. It is fine for naturalizing in the woods or the edge of the wood. It has been used in this way by the hundred car-loads on the grounds of Mr. William Rockefeller, near Tarrytown, N. Y., and the head gardener there reports that the loss in transplanting did not average one plant to the car-load. Our own experience has been the same. We have used great quan-

tities on the grounds of our clients and practically have not lost a plant, and nothing we have used has been so immediately effective or satisfactory. Price on car-load lots furnished on application.

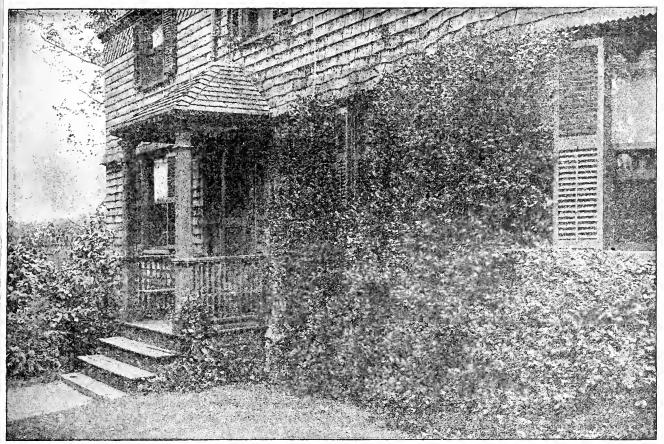
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RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE

All things considered, this is the most desirable Rhododendron in cultivation. It is a native variety, growing wild in the southern mountains. It is absolutely hardy and hardier than any other variety in existence and has the most splendid foliage of all. The flowers range from bright pink to deep reddish purple and are freely produced in May. We can not too highly recommend this Rhododendron, as we know it will give unqualified satisfaction. Specimen grade, 2-8 ft., \$5.00 each.



EUONYMUS RADICANS VEGETUS

The Best Evergreen Vine for America

Is the ivy the best vine in the world? Doubtless every Englishman will cry "Yes!" because the European or English ivy (Hedera Helix) is the oldest evergreen vine in cultivation and has made the deepest impression in literature, art and history. But if your standard is merit, not associations there is another vine which seems to me inherently better, viz., the Climbing Euonymus, or, as I now propose to call it, the "Evergreen Bittersweet." True, the form of its leaf is not unique, like that of ivy, but it has one overwhelming advantage in its gorgeous red berries, which are resplendent all winter against a noble gackground of evergreen foliage. And in many other ways it has a greater value than ivy, even in regions where the ivy is hardy.

The accompanying pictures give but a faint hint of the five-fold glories of the Evergreen Bittersweet. In the first place, it is evergreen, and therefore has an obvious advantage over deciduous vines in being beautiful 365 days of the year, instead of two weeks or seven months.

Secondly, it is very accommodating as to soils, climate, exposures; is easy to grow; and will trail over the ground or climb to the noble height of 30 feet.

Thirdly, it has an immense advantage over ivy, in being much hardier, growing 20 feet high in New England, where ivy can be grown only as a ground-cover.

Fourthly, its superb red fruits, which closely resemble those of our common wild bittersweet, seem divinely appointed to redeem our American winters from their bleak, ugly and cheerless moods.

And fifthly, it promises to develop a strong American character, becoming universal and dear to the American heart. If I had a million dollars to spare I should like to plant an Evergreen Bittersweet against every stone, brick, and concrete wall in America. The effect would be electrical, for it would add 100 per cent to the beauty of America. And it would only be anticipating by a hundred years what will surely happen, for it is hardly possible that the world holds any plant with greater power to transform a house into a home. As in England every home and every church is enriched, dignified and ennobled by ivy, so every American home will come to be connected so closely with the Evergreen Bittersweet that it will be impossible to think of one without the other.—Wilhelm Miller, in the "Garden Magazine." November, 1912.

We have known for several years of the great merit of the vine, Euonymus radicans vegetus, so enthusiastically described by Professor Miller, and have been steadily getting up a large stock of it, and now have several thousand plants. It is a sport from Euonymus radicans, but absolutely distinct from that vine.

Perfectly hardy but when planted in the fall should be protected with a mulching of three inches of stable manure, being careful not to cover the evergreen foliage. Very slow-growing at first, but when well established grows with great vigor. We can supply the variegated form of this plant if desired.

- · 4 inch Pot plants, 40 cents each, \$4.00 per doz.
- 3 inch Pot plants, 25 cents each, \$2.50 per doz.

Elliott Nursery Co. MAGEE BUILDING - 336 FOURTH AVE. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

